

# Precision Measurements of Littlest Higgs Model with T-parity at ILC

- Littlest Higgs model with T-parity
- Observable to be measured
- Analysis framework
- Analysis of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow A_H Z_H$  @500GeV
- Analysis of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow W_H^+ W_H^-$  @1TeV
- Discussion of results

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# Littlest Higgs model with T-parity

## <1. Little Higgs mechanism>

global symmetry:  $SU(5)$

(symmetry breaking)

$\longrightarrow SO(5)$

subgroup:  $[SU(2) \times U(1)]^2$

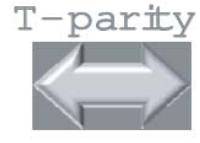
$\longrightarrow SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$   
 ( VEV :  $f \sim 1\text{TeV}$  )

## <2. T-parity>

Standard Model

Fermions			Bosons		
Quarks	$u_{\text{up}}$	$c_{\text{charm}}$	$t_{\text{top}}$	$\gamma_{\text{photon}}$	$Z_{\text{Z boson}}$
Down	$d_{\text{down}}$	$s_{\text{strange}}$	$b_{\text{bottom}}$	$W_{\text{W boson}}$	$g_{\text{gluon}}$
Leptons	$\nu_e$ electron neutrino	$\nu_\mu$ muon neutrino	$\nu_\tau$ tau neutrino		
	$e$ electron	$\mu$ muon	$\tau$ tau		
Higgs boson					

Little Higgs partner

T-parity  


+1

-1

Fermions			Bosons		
Quarks	$u_{-}$ up	$c_{-}$ charm	$t_{-}$ top	$A_H$ photon	$Z_H$ Z boson
Down	$d_{-}$ down	$s_{-}$ strange	$b_{-}$ bottom	$W_H$ W boson	
Leptons	$\nu_e$ electron neutrino	$\nu_\mu$ muon neutrino	$\nu_\tau$ tau neutrino		
	$e_{-}$ electron	$\mu_{-}$ muon	$\tau_{-}$ tau		
Triplet Higgs boson					

\*VEV=Vacuum Expectation Value

Heavy gauge bosons get mass through symmetry breaking

Precision measurement for masses of  $A_H$ ,  $Z_H$ ,  $W_H^\pm$   
 → Determination of VEV  $f$

## <Representative point of model parameter>

$f$	$m_h$
580(GeV)	134(GeV)

\*considering { electroweak precision measurement  
 WMAP observation

$m_{A_H}$	$m_{W_H}$	$m_{Z_H}$
81.9(GeV)	368(GeV)	369(GeV)

Masses of  $A_H$ ,  $Z_H$ ,  $W_H^\pm$  are less than 500GeV.  
 → They can be searched by ILC.

# Analysis mode

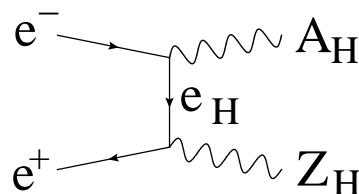
<ILC @500GeV>

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow A_H Z_H$$

- $m_{A_H} + m_{Z_H} < 500\text{GeV}$  (1.91fb)

- $Z_H \rightarrow A_H h$  (100% ratio)

- Target :  $A_H A_H b\bar{b}$  (bb jets in final state)



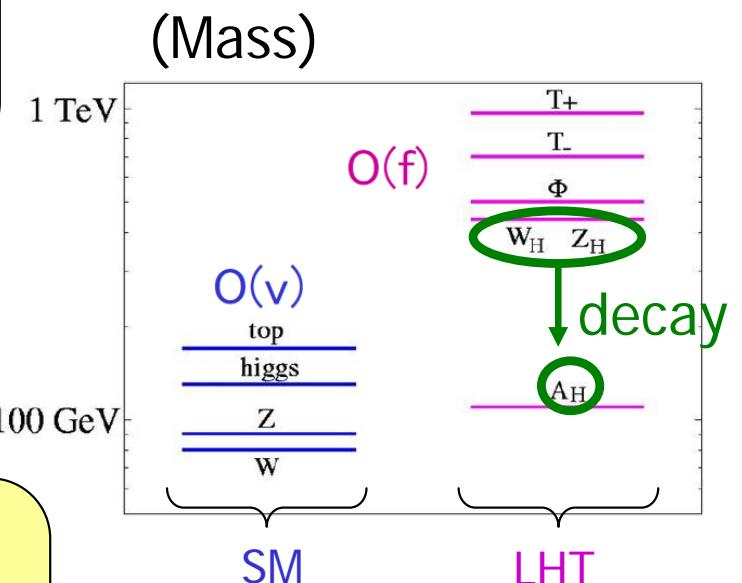
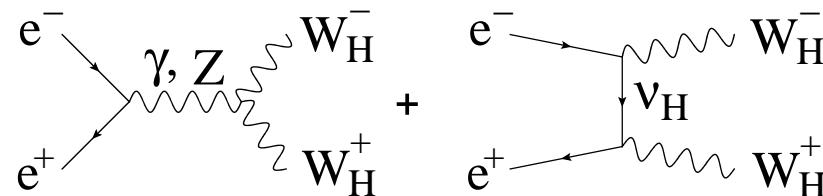
<ILC @1TeV>

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow W_H^+ W_H^-$$

- Large cross section (277fb)

- $W_H^\pm \rightarrow A_H W^\pm$  (100% ratio)

- Target :  $A_H A_H q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  (4 jets in final state)

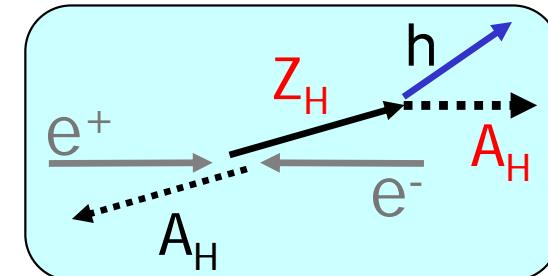


$A_H$ : Dark Matter

# Observable to be measured

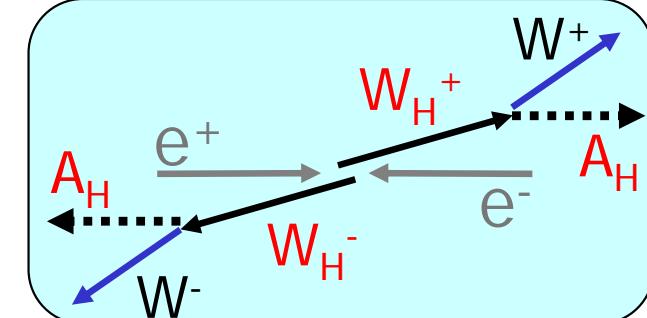
@500GeV

- Energy edges of  $h$   
→ Masses of  $A_H$  and  $Z_H$

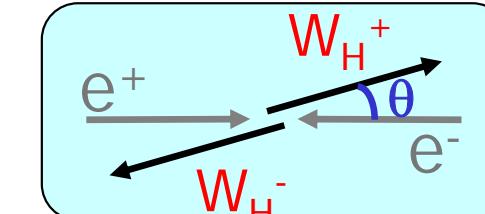


@1TeV

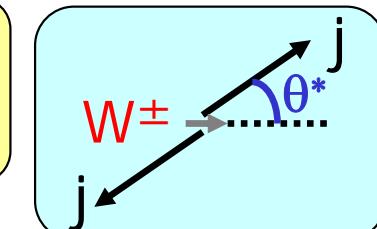
- Energy edges of  $W^\pm$   
→ Masses of  $A_H$  and  $W_H^\pm$



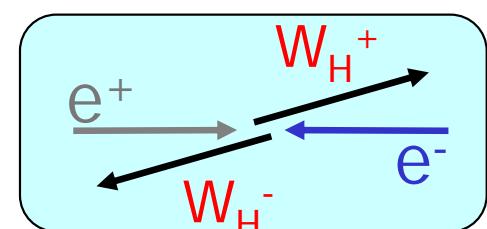
- 1) Production angle of  $W_H^\pm$   
→ Spin of  $W_H^\pm$



- 2) Angular distribution of jets from  $W^\pm$   
→ Helicity of  $W^\pm$



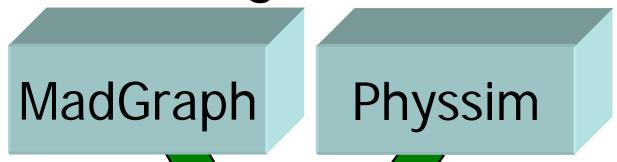
- 3) Cross section of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow W_H^+W_H^-$   
(polarized  $e^-$ )  
→ Gauge charge of  $W_H^\pm$



# Simulation framework

## <Simulation flow>

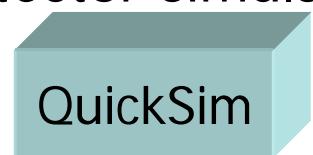
Event generation



Hadronization



Detector simulation



\*Fast simulator

## <Simulation setup>

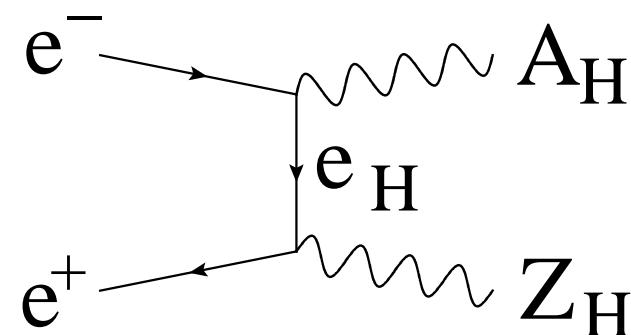
- Center-of-mass energy : 500GeV, 1TeV
- Integrated luminosity : 500 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- Beam polarization of e<sup>-</sup> : -80, 0, 80%
- of e<sup>+</sup> : 0%
- Crossing angle of beams : no
- Beamstrahlung : ignored
- Initial-state radiation : ignored

## <Detector parameter>

Detector	Performance	Coverage
Vertex detector	$\delta_b \leq 5 \oplus 10/p\beta \sin^{3/2} \theta$ (μm)	$ \cos \theta  \leq 0.93$
Central drift chamber	$\delta p_t/p_t^2 \leq 5 \times 10^{-5}$ (GeV/c) <sup>-1</sup>	$ \cos \theta  \leq 0.98$
EM calorimeter	$\sigma_E/E = 17\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1\%$	$ \cos \theta  \leq 0.99$
Hadron calorimeter	$\sigma_E/E = 45\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus 2\%$	$ \cos \theta  \leq 0.99$

\*based on GLD parameters

# Analysis @500GeV



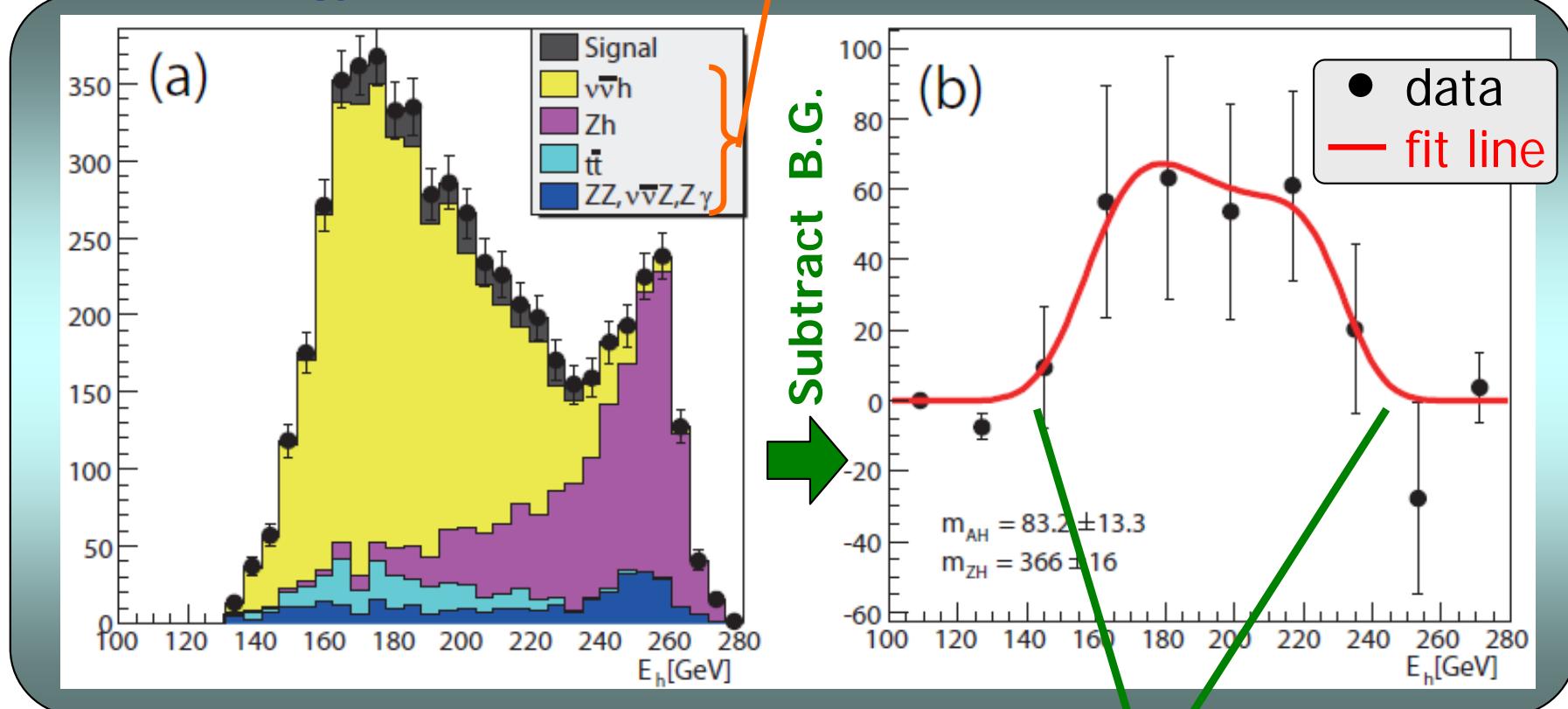
# Masses of $A_H$ and $Z_H$

<Event selection>

$100\text{GeV} < m_h < 140\text{GeV}$  &  $P_t^{\text{miss}} > 80\text{GeV}$  & b-tag

< $h$  energy distribution>

B.G. are  $bb$  jets in final states



<Signal significance>

$$\frac{\# \text{signal}}{\sqrt{\# \text{background}}} = 3.7\sigma$$

<Masses from fitting edges>

$$m_{AH} = 83.2 \pm 13.3 \text{ GeV}$$

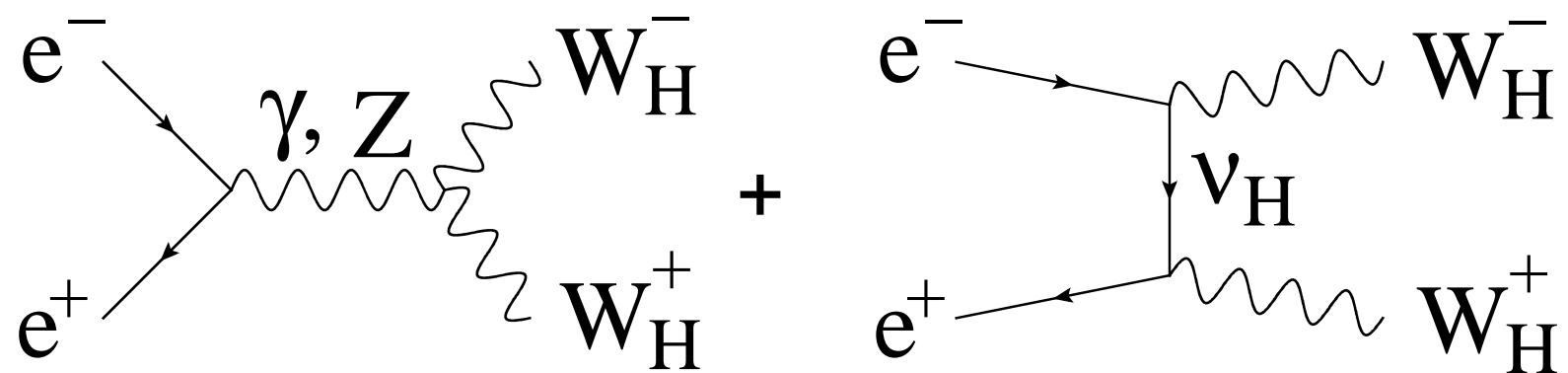
$$m_{ZH} = 366.0 \pm 16.0 \text{ GeV}$$

<Accuracy>

$$16.2\%$$

$$4.3\%$$

# Analysis @1TeV



# Masses of $A_H$ and $W_H^\pm$

<Event selection>

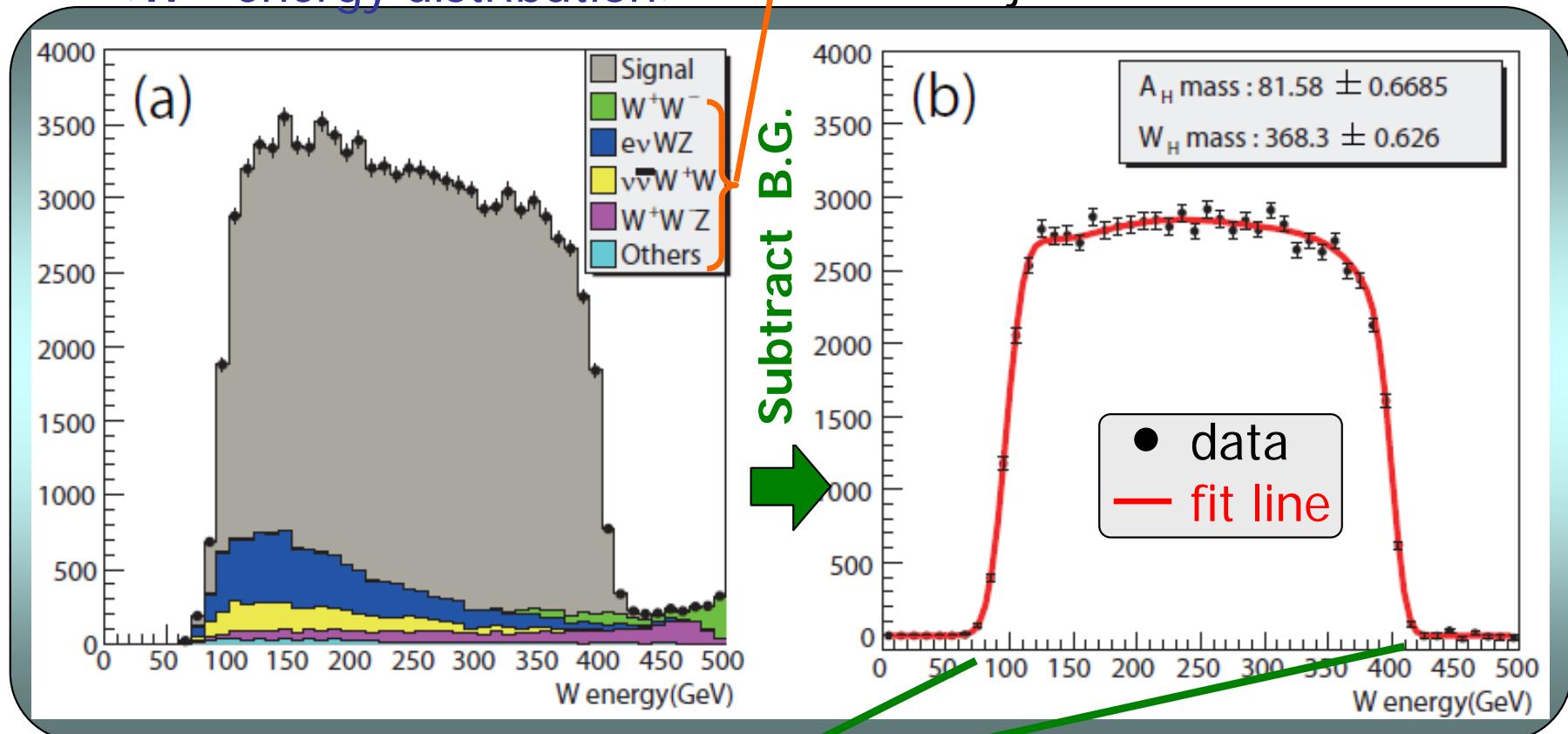
$$0\text{GeV} < E_W < 500\text{GeV} \text{ & } \chi_W^2 < 26 \text{ & } P_t^{\text{miss}} > 84\text{GeV}$$

\*Reconstruct  $W^\pm$  from 4 jets

$$\chi_W^2 \equiv \left( \frac{m_{W_1} - m_W}{\sigma_{m_W}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{m_{W_2} - m_W}{\sigma_{m_W}} \right)^2$$

< $W^\pm$  energy distribution>

B.G. are 4 jets in final states



<Masses from fitting edges>

$$m_{AH} = 81.58 \pm 0.67 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{WH} = 368.3 \pm 0.63 \text{ GeV}$$

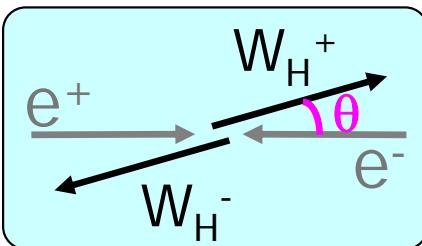
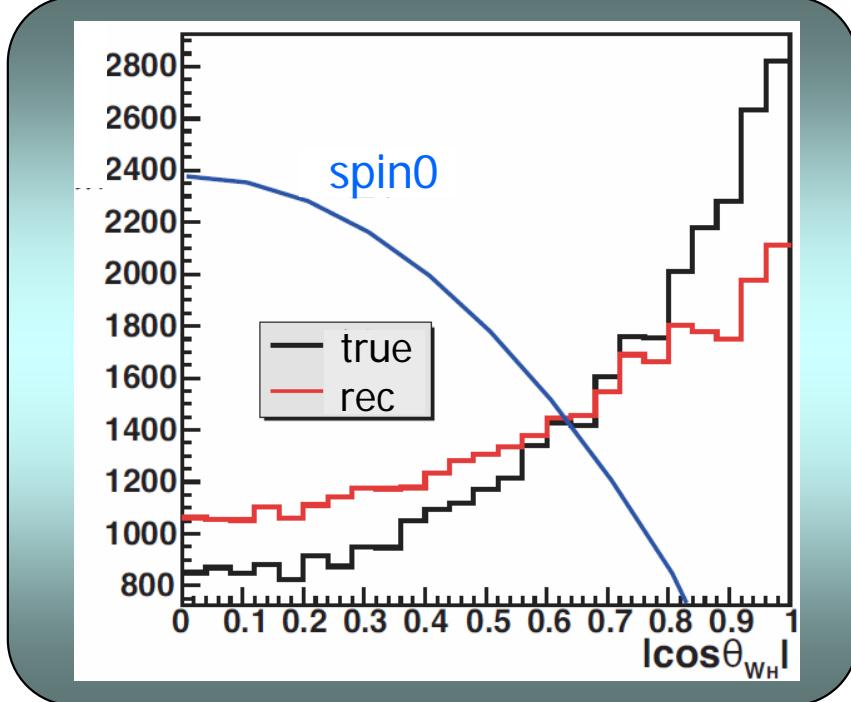
<Accuracy>

**0.8%**

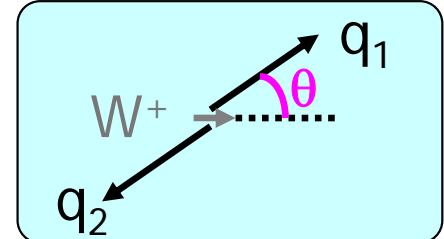
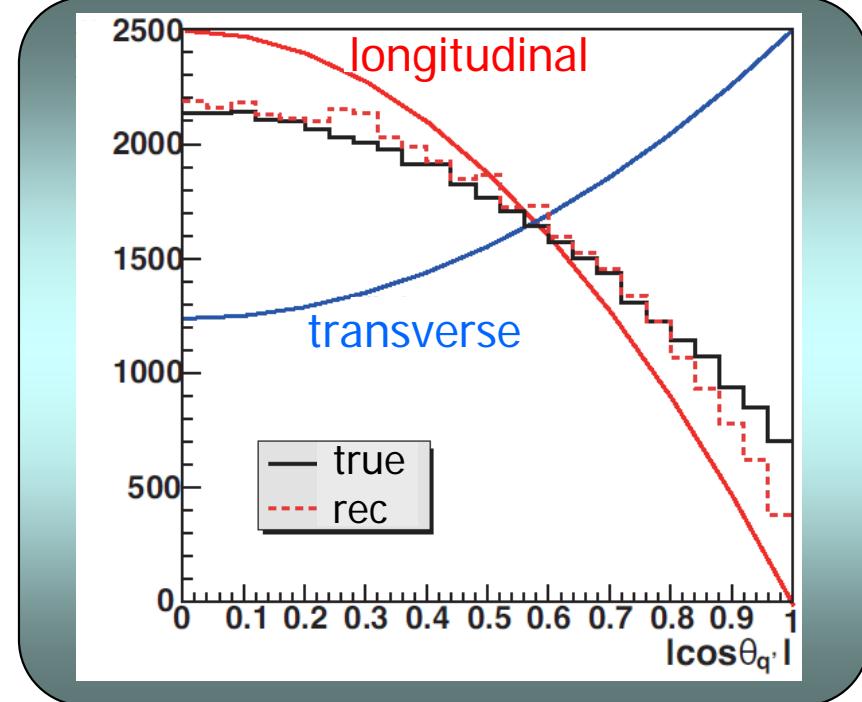
**0.2%**

# Spin of $W_H^\pm$ & helicity of $W^\pm$

<Angular distribution of  $W_H^\pm$ >



<Angular distribution of jets>



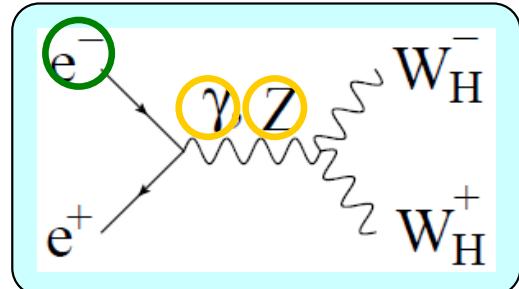
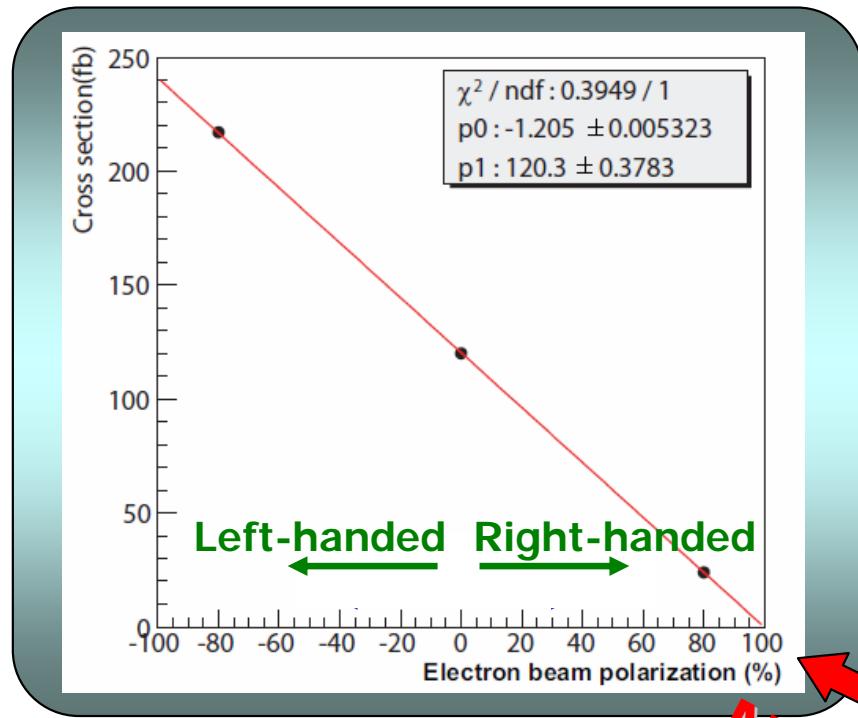
\*at rest frame of  $W^\pm$

Figure shows  $W_H^\pm$  is not spin-0.  
→ *Spin info of  $W_H^\pm$  can be got!!*

Figure shows  $W^\pm$  is mainly longitudinal.  
→ *Helicity info of  $W^\pm$  can be got!!*

# Gauge charge of $W_H^\pm$

$\langle W_H^+ W_H^- \rangle$  cross section using polarized  $e^-$



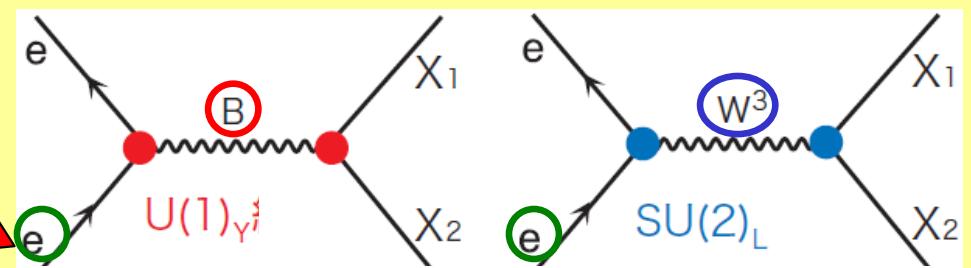
No right handed

(Propagator)

Equation of neutral gauge mixing

$$\begin{pmatrix} B \\ W^3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_W & -\sin \theta_W \\ \sin \theta_W & \cos \theta_W \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ Z \end{pmatrix}$$

At high energy interaction,  
B and  $W^3$  propagate.



Not  $U(1)_Y$  coupling by B,  
but  $SU(2)_L$  coupling by  $W^3$ .

$W_H^\pm$  has not  $U(1)_Y$  charge but  $SU(2)_L$  charge.

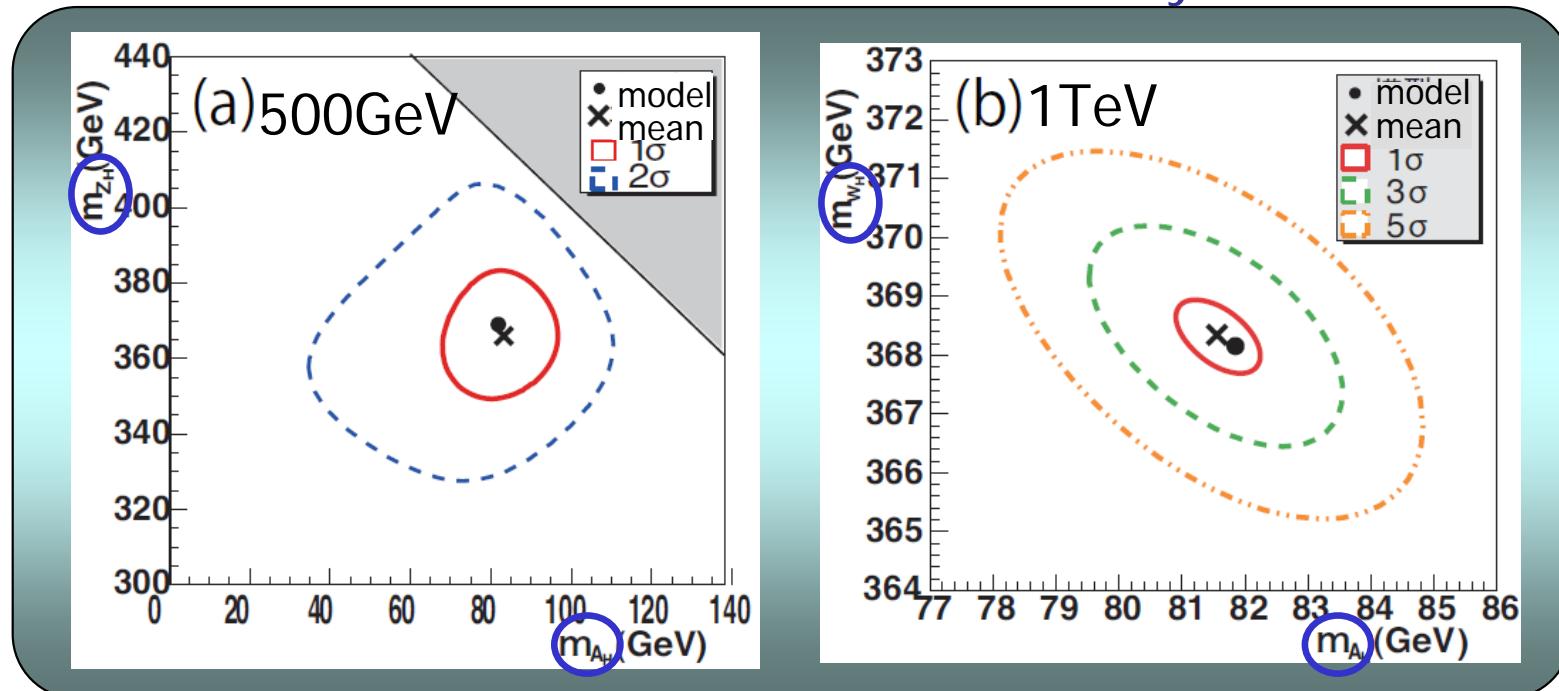
→ **Gauge charge info of  $W_H^\pm$  can be got !!**

# Disscussion

## about results @500GeV & @1TeV

# Model parameter f

<Contours of mass-determination accuracy>



$$\begin{cases} m_{A_H} \approx \sqrt{0.2 g' f} \\ m_{Z_H} \approx g f \end{cases}$$

\*There is relation between f & mass.

$$\begin{cases} m_{A_H} \approx \sqrt{0.2 g' f} \\ m_{W_H} \approx g f \end{cases}$$

<f given by mass determination>

$$f = 576.0 \pm 25.0 \text{ GeV } (\sqrt{s} = 500\text{GeV})$$

$$f = 580.0 \pm 0.69 \text{ GeV } (\sqrt{s} = 1\text{TeV})$$

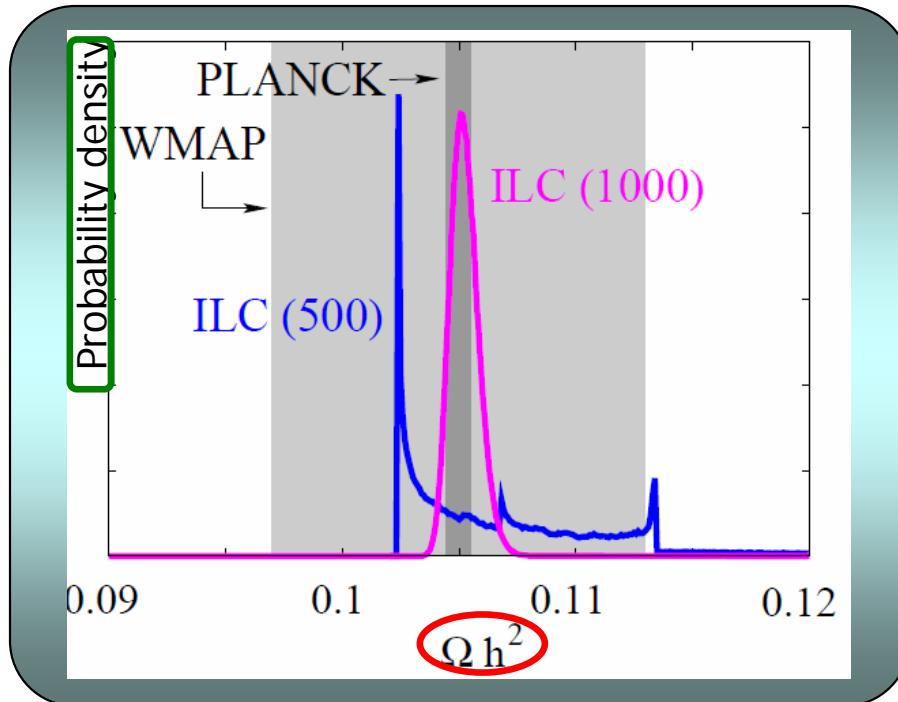
<Accuracy of f determination>

$$4.3\% \quad (\sqrt{s} = 500\text{GeV})$$

$$0.1\% \quad (\sqrt{s} = 1\text{TeV})$$

# Relic abundance of dark matter( $A_H$ )

<Probability density of  $\Omega h^2$ >



\*WMAP, PLANCK : cosmological observation

<Accuracy of  $\Omega h^2$  determination>

$$O(10\%) \quad (\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV})$$

$$O(1\%) \quad (\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV})$$

\*There is relation between  $\Omega h^2$  & f.

Relic abundance of DM

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 = \frac{1.07 \times 10^9 x_f \text{ GeV}^{-1}}{\sqrt{g_*} m_{Pl} \langle \sigma v \rangle}$$

Annihilation cross section of DM

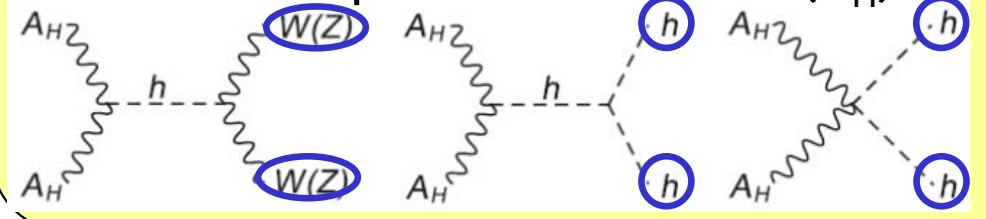
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle = \sigma v_{WW} + \sigma v_{ZZ} + \sigma v_{hh}$$

$$\sigma v|_{WW} = \frac{1}{96\pi m_{A_H}^2} \frac{(g^2 v^2 c)^2}{(4m_{A_H}^2 - m_h^2)^2 + m_h^2 \Gamma_h^2} \left( 4 \frac{m_{A_H}^4}{m_W^4} - 4 \frac{m_{A_H}^2}{m_W^2} + 3 \right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{m_W^2}{m_{A_H}^2}}$$

$$\sigma v|_{ZZ} = \frac{1}{192\pi m_{A_H}^2} \frac{\{(g^2 + g'^2)v^2 c\}^2}{(4m_{A_H}^2 - m_Z^2)^2 + m_Z^2 \Gamma_h^2} \left( 4 \frac{m_{A_H}^4}{m_Z^4} - 4 \frac{m_{A_H}^2}{m_Z^2} + 3 \right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{m_Z^2}{m_{A_H}^2}}$$

$$\sigma v|_{hh} = \frac{c^2}{48\pi m_{A_H}^2} \left| 1 + \frac{3m_h^2}{4m_{A_H}^2 - m_h^2 + im_h \Gamma_h} \right|^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{m_h^2}{m_{A_H}^2}} \quad m_{A_H} \propto f$$

Annihilation processes of DM ( $A_H$ )



# Summary

$\langle\sqrt{s}\rangle=500\text{GeV} : e^+e^- \rightarrow A_H Z_H$

- Signal significance :  $3.7\sigma$
- Accuracy of mass measurement :  $16.2\%$ ( $A_H$ ),  $4.3\%$ ( $Z_H$ )

$\langle\sqrt{s}\rangle=1\text{TeV} : e^+e^- \rightarrow W_H^+ W_H^-$

- Accuracy of mass measurement :  $0.8\%$ ( $A_H$ ),  $0.2\%$ ( $W_H^\pm$ )
- Spin of  $W_H^\pm$ , helicity of  $W^\pm$  and gauge charge of  $W_H^\pm$  can be analyzed.

<Discussion>

Accuracy of model-parameter determination

- VEV  $f$  :  $4.3\%$  ( $\sqrt{s}=500\text{GeV}$ ),  $0.1\%$  ( $\sqrt{s}=1\text{TeV}$ )
- DM relic abundance :  $O(10\%)$  ( $\sqrt{s}=500\text{GeV}$ ),  $O(1\%)$  ( $\sqrt{s}=1\text{TeV}$ )

<Paper>

- arXiv hep-ph 0901.1081 (9 Jan)
- Phys. Rev. D (21 Jan)